

# LMC6482 CMOS Dual Rail-To-Rail Input and Output Operational Amplifier

## General Description

The LMC6482 provides a common-mode range that extends to both supply rails. This rail-to-rail performance combined with excellent accuracy, due to a high CMRR, makes it unique among rail-to-rail input amplifiers.

It is ideal for systems, such as data acquisition, that require a large input signal range. The LMC6482 is also an excellent upgrade for circuits using limited common-mode range amplifiers such as the TLC272 and TLC277.

Maximum dynamic signal range is assured in low voltage and single supply systems by the LMC6482's rail-to-rail output swing. The LMC6482's rail-to-rail output swing is guaranteed for loads down to  $600\Omega$ .

Guaranteed low voltage characteristics and low power dissipation make the LMC6482 especially well-suited for battery-operated systems.

See the LMC6484 data sheet for a Quad CMOS operational amplifier with these same features.

## Features (Typical unless otherwise noted)

- Rail-to-Rail Input Common-Mode Voltage Range (Guaranteed Over Temperature)
- Rail-to-Rail Output Swing (within 20 mV of supply rail,  $100\text{ k}\Omega$  load)
- Guaranteed 3V, 5V and 15V Performance
- Excellent CMRR and PSRR 82 dB
- Ultra Low Input Current 20 fA
- High Voltage Gain ( $R_L = 500\text{ k}\Omega$ ) 130 dB
- Specified for 2  $\text{k}\Omega$  and 600 $\Omega$  loads

## Applications

- Data Acquisition Systems
- Transducer Amplifiers
- Hand-held Analytic Instruments
- Medical Instrumentation
- Active Filter, Peak Detector, Sample and Hold, pH Meter, Current Source
- Improved Replacement for TLC272, TLC277

## DC Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, all limits guaranteed for  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V^+ = 5\text{V}$ ,  $V^- = 0\text{V}$ ,  $V_{CM} = V_O = V^+/2$  and  $R_L > 1\text{M}\Omega$ . **Boldface** limits apply at the temperature extremes.

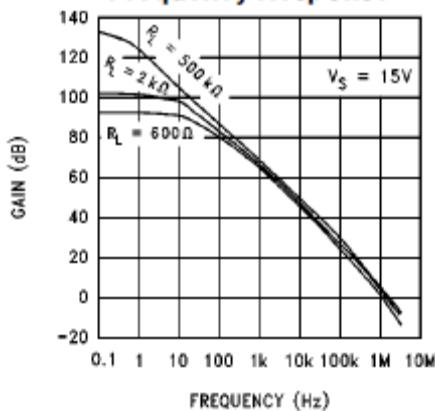
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ (Note 5)	LMC6482AI Limit (Note 6)	LMC6482I Limit (Note 6)	LMC6482M Limit (Note 6)	Units
$V_{OS}$	Input Offset Voltage		0.11	0.750 <b>1.35</b>	3.0 <b>3.7</b>	3.0 <b>3.8</b>	mV max
$TCV_{OS}$	Input Offset Voltage Average Drift		1.0				$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_B$	Input Current	(Note 13)	0.02	<b>4.0</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>10.0</b>	pA max
$I_{OS}$	Input Offset Current	(Note 13)	0.01	<b>2.0</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>5.0</b>	pA max
$C_{IN}$	Common-Mode Input Capacitance		3				pF
$R_{IN}$	Input Resistance		> 10				Tera $\Omega$
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$0\text{V} \leq V_{CM} \leq 15.0\text{V}$ $V^+ = 15\text{V}$	82	70 <b>67</b>	65 <b>62</b>	65 <b>60</b>	dB min
		$0\text{V} \leq V_{CM} \leq 5.0\text{V}$ $V^+ = 5\text{V}$	82	70 <b>67</b>	65 <b>62</b>	65 <b>60</b>	
+PSRR	Positive Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$5\text{V} \leq V^+ \leq 15\text{V}$ , $V^- = 0\text{V}$ $V_O = 2.5\text{V}$	82	70 <b>67</b>	65 <b>62</b>	65 <b>60</b>	dB min
-PSRR	Negative Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$-5\text{V} \leq V^- \leq -15\text{V}$ , $V^+ = 0\text{V}$ $V_O = -2.5\text{V}$	82	70 <b>67</b>	65 <b>62</b>	65 <b>60</b>	dB min
$V_{CM}$	Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	$V^+ = 5\text{V}$ and $15\text{V}$ For CMRR $\geq 50\text{ dB}$	$V^- = 0.3$	- 0.25 <b>0</b>	- 0.25 <b>0</b>	- 0.25 <b>0</b>	V max
			$V^+ + 0.3\text{V}$	$V^+ + 0.25$ <b>V<sup>+</sup></b>	$V^+ + 0.25$ <b>V<sup>+</sup></b>	$V^+ + 0.25$ <b>V<sup>+</sup></b>	V min
$A_V$	Large Signal Voltage Gain	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ (Notes 7, 13)	Sourcing	666	140 <b>84</b>	120 <b>72</b>	120 <b>60</b>
			Sinking	75	35 <b>20</b>	35 <b>20</b>	35 <b>18</b>
		$R_L = 600\Omega$ (Notes 7, 13)	Sourcing	300	80 <b>48</b>	50 <b>30</b>	50 <b>25</b>
			Sinking	35	20 <b>13</b>	15 <b>10</b>	15 <b>8</b>

## AC Electrical Characteristics

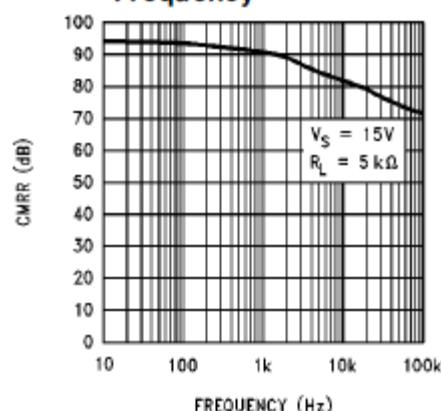
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**Boldface** limits apply at the temperature extremes.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ (Note 5)	LMC6482AI Limit (Note 6)	LMC6482I Limit (Note 6)	LMC6482M Limit (Note 6)	Units
SR	Slew Rate	(Note 9)	1.3	1.0 <b>0.7</b>	0.9 <b>0.63</b>	0.9 <b>0.54</b>	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ min
GBW	Gain-Bandwidth Product	$V^+ = 15\text{V}$	1.5				MHz
$\phi_m$	Phase Margin		50				Deg
$G_m$	Gain Margin		15				dB
	Amp-to-Amp Isolation	(Note 10)	150				dB
$e_n$	Input-Referred Voltage Noise	$F = 1\text{ kHz}$ $V_{CM} = 1\text{V}$	37				$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
$i_n$	Input-Referred Current Noise	$F = 1\text{ kHz}$	0.03				$\text{pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
T.H.D.	Total Harmonic Distortion	$F = 10\text{ kHz}$ , $A_V = -2$ $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ , $V_O = 4.1\text{ V}_{PP}$	0.01				%
		$F = 10\text{ kHz}$ , $A_V = -2$ $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ , $V_O = 8.5\text{ V}_{PP}$ $V^+ = 10\text{V}$	0.01				%

Open Loop  
Frequency Response



CMRR vs  
Frequency



Maximum Output Swing  
vs Frequency

